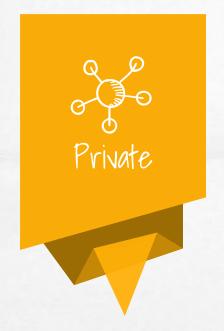
Companies and work arrangement



Types of companies









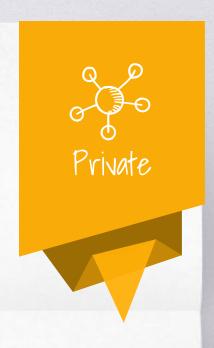
- one person business. The person may describe themselves as 'selfemployed' or a freelancer. If they are a professional who works for different clients.



=corporation These are large companies that are listed on stock exchange. They are public because anyone can buy shares.



The shares of the company are privately owned, usually by a small number of people.





A group of people who work together as equals. They share the risks and the profits.







a small business that has recently been started by someone.

For now the only bright spots on labor market are small businesses and high-tech start-ups.



company

- offers
- provides
- specializes in
- sells
- is in business

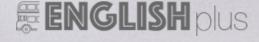


- 1. The company offers a wide range of financial services.
- 2. We provide network solutions to the telecom sector.
- 3. We specialize in software for the film industry.
- 4. We sell fashion accessories.
- 5. The company is in the IT business.



company

- is based in ...
- has around ... offices
- has production sites
- has branches
- is a market leader



- 1. The company is based in Toronto.
- 2. We have around 20 offices all over Europe.
- 3. We have production sites in Romania and Turkey.
- 4. The company has branches in Brazil and Mexico.
- 5. The company is a market leader.



company

- was set up/ established/ founded
- bought/ took over/ acquired
- merged
- entered



- 1. The company was set up/ established/ founded in 2008 by my father.
- 2. We bought/ took over/ acquired by an American company.
- 3. We merged with a Dutch company two month ago.
- 4. The company entered the US market.



company is going to

- take on
- launch
- expand
- go public
- be one of the top



- 1. The company is going to take on an additional 30 staff.
- 2. We're going to launch a new range of clothes aimed at older women.
- 3. We're going to expand into South-East Asia.
- 4. We hope to go public next year.
- 5. Our aim is to be one of the top three biotech companies.





- 1.subsidiary
- 2.agency
- 3.branch
- 4.factory/ plant
- 5.call center
- 6.service center
- 7.headquarters
- 8.warehouse
- 9.outlet





a company which is controlled by a parent company

agency

a business or place of business providing a service

branch

a local office belonging to a national organization



factory

a place where goods are produced

call center

an office where people answer questions and make sales over the phone

service center

a place where faulty products are mended



headquarters

the main office or building of the company

warehouse

a building for storing goods

outlet

a place through which products are sold



Departments of the company

- 1. R&D
- 2. Customer Service
- 3. Human Recourses
- 4. Sales and Marketing
- 5. Production
- 6. Finance
- 7. Administration
- 8. Legal
- 9. Logistics
- 10. Public Relations
- 11.IT



Activities of each department



- 1. R&D
- 2. Customer Service
- 3. Human Recourses
- 4. Sales and Marketing
- 5. Production
- 6. Finance
- 7. Administration
- 8. Legal
- 9. Logistics
- 10. Public Relations
- 11.IT



- b. Draw up contacts
- c. Carry out research
- d. Train staff
- e. Run advertising campaign
- f. Issue press releases
- g. Operate assembly lines
- h. Prepare budgets
- i. Keep records
- j. Transport goods
- k. Install software





Activities of each department



1. R&D — Carry out research

2. Customer Service — Deal with complaints

3. Human Recourses — Train staff

4. Sales and Marketing — Run advertising campaign

5. Production — Operate assembly lines

6. Finance — Prepare budgets

7. Administration — Keep records

8. Legal — Draw up contacts

9. Logistics — Transport goods

10. Public Relations — Issue press releases

11.IT — Install software



Thanks!



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